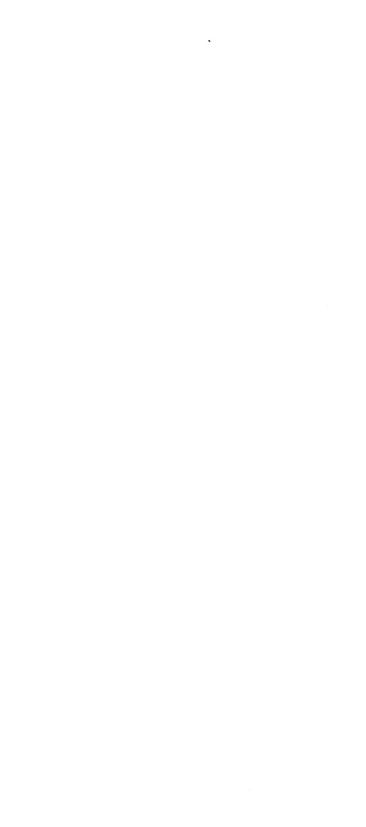
Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



"BEAUTIFUL HOMES"

—hardy Michigan grown plants and trees



BAY CITY NURSERIES

1715 COLUMBUS AVE.
BAY CITY, MICHIGAN



Instructions and Terms of Sale



HEN ORDERING please write plainly your name, postoffice, county, state, and express office if there is an express office in your town. We expect cash with orders or if requested we will ship C. O. D. Credit to unknown persons may be established upon satisfactory

references. When cash accompanies order, packing is free; with credit orders a small amount is charged for packing (approximately 6%). Delivery is free in and around Bay City. Otherwise freight and express charges are to be paid by the purchaser.

Our nursery is located in Hampton township. Go east on Center avenue road or M-29 for $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles outside the city limits. Then turn south one-half mile. We invite those who are within easy reach of our nurseries to come and visit us at any time, not always with the idea of selling you some of our products but that we may become better acquainted. Our soil is of a sandy loam and particularly well adapted to the growing of nursery stock.

Care of Plants

Trees and plants are living things and the roots should never be left exposed to the air or sun. Before planting soak the roots in a pail of water and keep covered with burlap until ready to set in the hole. Make the hole about six inches larger than the diameter of the roots; also four to six inches deeper than the length of the roots. Fill in with fine, loose soil and pull up the tree to its proper depth at the same time shaking the soil well in between the roots. Press the ground firmly with the foot and water if the soil is on the dry side. Keep the ground around the plants well cultivated, stirring up the soil at least once a week during the dry season. This will preserve the moisture.

Perennials should be mulched late in the fall, preferably after a little frost has entered the ground. Use light material such as leaves or straw. Roses should be protected with a soil heaped up around the bushes to a height of 10 inches and then covered with leaves or straw.

Guarantee

While we endeavor to have on hand all varieties listed in this catalog, we are sometimes sold out on certain items. Unless instructed to the contrary we will substitute a variety as near as possible to the one ordered, in case this variety is not available.

All stock that leaves our nursery is guaranteed to be true to name and up to standard size as described in this catalog. However should an error occur we will upon proper proof refund the purchase money or replace with the variety ordered. Beyond this we can assume no responsibility.

BAY CITY NURSERIES.

Ornamental Flowering Shrubs Hardy Deciduous Varieties

OWEDING SUDUES	
LOWERING SHRUBS offer the greatest and most desirable material for beautifying the hom	
grounds. From early spring till late fal	
varieties can be chosen from our list, to giv	'e
practically an unbroken succession of bloom. T	
aid the reader in making a selection, we have give	n
the flowering month of each variety.	
Almond, Flowering Pink. (May). The well known pink flowering Almond, each\$.7	5
Alba. The white variety, each	5
Berberis Thunbergi, Japanese Barberry. Dwarf shrub, has red berries in autumn and foliage turns brilliant red in September. Also splendid for dwarf hedge	0
Buddleia, Butterfly Bush. (AugSept.). Also known as the summer lilac. Requires some protection in winter, each	n
Cydonia, Japanese Quince. (AprMay). Brilliant red flowers early spring before the leaves ap-	Ü
pear, each	5
Cornus, Dogwood, Sibirica. (June). Flowers white. Its red branches make it conspicuous in winter, each	0
Cornus, Elegantissima. The yellow branched variety, each	0
Cornus Paniculata, Grey Dogwood. Has white panicled flowers in June. A very bushy shrub. each	0
Deutzia, Lemoine. (July). Dwarf shrub, $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 feet high with large clusters of pure white flowers, each	0
Euonymus Alatus. Dense, slow growing shrub with cork-barked branches. Foliage turns to a beautiful red in autumn. Rare. Each 1.0	۵
Elder. The golden leaved Elder. A very striking shrub in mixed plantings. Has the usual	•
large elder blossoms followed by black berries.	0
Forsythia, Golden Bell. (Apr.) The earliest	
grower. Bright yellow bell-shaped flowers. Each	0
Fringe. (May). A large growing shrub, bearing racemes of white fringe-like flowers, each 1.50	0
Honeysuckle. (May-June). One of the most satisfactory shrubs. It is a strong grower and will thrive in most any kind of soil and also stand partial shade. Very hardy. We have the white and pink flowering kinds, each	0
Hydrangea. (June). Hills of snow. Also called	U
snowball hydrangea. Very fine for planting in front of taller shrubs, each	0
Hydrangea, P. G. (July). Pee Gee hydrangea. White flowers changing to a dull pink, each60	0

Lilacs. (May). Too well known to need description. White and purple flowering, strong bushy shrubs, each	.00
Lilacs, Named French Varieties: Chas., The Tenth. Single, the best purple, each	.50
Souv. de L. Spaeth. Large trusses of deep rosy purple flowers. Almost red. Takes one year longer to flower than most varieties, each	.50
	.50
-	.50
Pres. Grevy. Double. Very large panicles	
	.50
Persica. The red Persian lilac, each 1	.25
	.25
Josikea. Hungarian lilac. Light pink flowers and large green glossy leaves, each 1	.25
Privet Ibota. (Japanese Privet). Large glossy foliage, dense compact growth; black berries in autumn. Extremely hardy, each	.50
Privet, California. Large glossy green leaves, fine for hedging, each, 20c; per 100 15	5.00
Privet, Amurense. Hardy Amur River Privet. Without doubt the best and hardiest of the privets for hedging in this locality; each, 25c, per 100	3 00
Philadelphus or Mock Orange. (June). Also erroneously called syringa.	,,,,
Philadelphus Coronarius. Flowers pure white and fragrant, each	.60
Philadelphus Grandiflorus. Large flowered upright variety, each	.60
Philadelphus Virginalis. New, very fine. Large double crested white flowers in clusters, sweet scented, each	.00
Prunus Triloba. (May). Flowering plum. Pink flowers not unlike flowering almonds,	.75
only much larger	.75
Rhodotypos, Jetbead or White Kerria. (May). A very desirable shrub of dense growth with white flowers followed by black berries, each	.60
Rose Acacia. (May). Also called moss locust. Foliage resembles our native locust, but it has long racemes of pink sweet pea-like flowers. Very pretty, each	1.00
Spirea Van Houtti. (May). The most popular	
shrub. Can be used as individual plants, for foundation planting and also makes a good strong hedge. The flat, white flowers practically cover the bush when in bloom, each.	.60
Spirea Opulifolia AureaStrong growing shrub, beautiful yellow leaves, making it very strik-	00
ing. Will grow in partial shade, each Spirea Billardi. (July-Aug.) Brown hairy bark,	.60
with bright pink flowers which appear at the terminals of the branches, each	.50

Spirea Froebeli. (July-Aug.) Froebel's spirea. Large, flat red flowers borne on the terminals of the branches. Grows to a height of 2½ to 3 feet, each	.60
Snowberry. (July-Aug.) Also called waxberry. Distinct and pretty. Covered with snow-white berries, each	.60
Snowberry, Red. Indian Currant. Greenish red flowers, followed by dark purplish red berries. When cut will last all winter, each	.60
Tamarix Pentandra. Five stamen tamarix. (June- July). Strong slender growth, with blue-gray foliage. Delicate lilac pink flowers, each	.75
Viburnum, Snowball, Opulus Sterilis. (May). Large balls of snow-white flowers, each	.75
Viburnum, Opulus. High-bush cranberry. Has large flat panicles of white flowers in June, followed by red berries, each	.75
Viburnum, Lantana. Wayfaring tree. Vigorous shrub with soft lantana-like leaves. Flowers in June. White flowers are followed by red berries which afterwards turn black, each	.75
Weigelia Rosea. (June). Very popular. Delicate pink bell-shaped flowers in great profusion, each	.60
Weigelia Eva Rathke. Very freeblooming, dark red. Spreading habit, each	.75
BROAD LEAVED EVERGREENS	
These plants are not at all like coniferous greens. They are more like a shrub, only they r their leaves all winter or else for a conside longer period than the deciduous shrubs.	etain
Daphne Cneorum, Rose Daphne. A very pretty little evergreen shrub seldom over 10 inches in height. It is of a spreading habit and produces masses of pink flowers about the last week in May. Highly perfumed, fragrance like trailing arbutus, 12-15 inches spread, each	2.00
10-12 inches spread, each	1.50
Euonymus Radicans Vegetus. Big leaf winter creeper. Can either be grown as a shrub or when planted near a cement wall will attach itself and form a covering for the wall, each.	.75
Euonymus Radicans Variegata. Somewhat smaller grower than the above with variegated foliage, each	.75
Pyracantha Coccinea. Evergreen fire thorn. A dwarf shrub with shiny green leaves and when older has red berries in winter, each	2.00
Cotoneaster Horizontalis, Rock Cotoneaster. Dwarf, spreading, dark green leaves. Small pinkish white flowers and red berries. Fine	
for the rockery. 12 inches, each	1.00

SHADE TREES

Trees form the conspicuous point of beauty when properly chosen and placed about the home grounds. On the lawn, along the driveway, near the residence, are always to be found situations for a tree—such may be chosen from the following list. Our stock of shade trees is exceptionally clean, healthy and uniformly trimmed and trained; frequent transplanting has insured a fibrous root system that makes successful planting doubly sure.

successful planting doubly sure.	
Catalpa Bungei, Umbrella Tree. A very popular tree with strong, straight stems and round heads making the whole appear like a giant umbrella. 4-5 feet stems, each	2.50 4.00
to a height of about 8 feet and makes a very nice lawn tree. The flowers are double, like small roses, of a rosy pink shade. 4 ft. specimens, each	
3 ft. specimens, each	1.25
Elm. American elm trees, 10-12 feet, 1½-2 in. diameter, each	4.00
Maple, Silver Leaved. Very hardy and quick growing. Specimens 10-12 ft., diameter 2 inches, each	3.00 2.50
Mulberry, Weeping. Medium sized lawn tree. Should be isolated in a spot where its symmetrical beauty is unmarred by less shapely companions. Its leaf-covered branches hang in umbrella fashion clear to the ground. Specimens, each	
Mountain Ash. Grows to a height of about 20	
feet. Very striking with its large clusters of red berries in the fall. Trees 6-8 feet, each.	4.00
Poplar, Lombardy. Stately, pyramidal trees. Fine for screening or windbreak. Can be planted 6-8 feet apart. Specimens 8-10 ft.	
high, each	1.50 1.25
Prunus, Purple Leaved Flowering Plum. Tree of	1.20
medium height with white flowers early in spring and deep purple red leaves. 4-5 ft. ea.	1.00
Poplar, Simonsi. Narrow, pyramidal growth and	
shiny green leaves. 6-8 ft., each	
Willow, Weeping. Six feet trees, each	1.00

HARDY PERENNIALS

This class of plants is sometimes called "Old Fashioned Flowers". And while it is true that many of them are found in the old gardens, several of the kinds we are listing are extremely new. No class of plants provides a greater variety and array of flowers. Perennials give a continuity of bloom from

early spring till late fall—not the same flowers all the time—but something different each month, avoiding monotony. Let us help you plan and plant a hardy garden this year.

Prices of Perennials, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen; 6 at dozen rate.

(Except where noted.)

- Anchusa Italica. (July). Grows 4 ft. tall and has beautiful spikes of gentian blue flowers.
- Achillea, The Pearl. Flowers during June and July. Dwarf habit. Small white flowers in great profusion. Fine for cutting and drying.
- Aquilegia, Columbine. (May-June). Long spurred hybrids. Their quaint formations and delightful colors make them an interesting class for the garden and for cutting.
- Artemesia Lactiflora. (Aug.-Sept.) 3-4 feet. Large branching stems of light creamy white flowers.
- Boltonia Asteroides. (Aug-Sept.) Large heads of pure aster-like flowers.
- Campanula, Canterbury bell. A well-known old-fashioned flower. Mixed colors, blue, white and pink.
- Coreopsis, Tickseed. (June-July). Rich golden yellow daisy-like flowers. Fine for cutting.
- Daisy, Shasta. (June-Aug.). 2 ft. Very large single white flower, sometimes measuring 3 inches across.
- Delphinium, Hardy Larkspur. Light and dark blue.
- Delphinium, Chinese Hybrids. Blue and white, each

.30

.60

1.00

- Digitalis, Foxglove. Fine plants for the back row of the hardy border. Huge spikes of various colored bells.
- Dicentra, Bleeding Heart. (May-June). Drooping spikes of rosy-pink, heart shaped flowers, each
- Funkia, White Day Lily. (July-Aug.) 2 ft.
 Fine white lily-like spikes borne above the broad green foliage. Good border plant, each 35c; 3 for
- Gaillardia Grandiflora, Blanket Flower. 18"-2 ft. Flowers all summer. Yellow and orange
- Gypsophilla Pan, Baby's Breath. 2-3 ft. (June-July). Light sprays of minute white flowers. When cut while in full bloom it will keep all winter
- Hemerocallis, Yellow Day Lily. (May-June). Fragrant yellow flowers. 3 ft.
- Hollyhocks. Single, mixed colors.
- Hollyhocks. Double, yellow, pink and red.
- Iris. Flags or German Irises are among the easiest grown of all plants. Most favorable

time to plant them is in September, although they may be planted later. After an exhaustive trial we have found the following varieties to be the best both in range of color and growing qualities. "S" denotes the upper petals (standards); "F", the lower or falls: Iris, Purple King. S and F clear lavender blue. Iris, Mme. Chereau. S and F white, frilled with a wide border of clear blue. Iris, Lohengrin. S and F soft shade of pink, very large, each	\$.35 .30
Iris, Innocence. Pure white.	
Iris, Sherwin Wright. Bright golden yellow.	
New Irises: Ambassaduer. S velvety purple, F deep purple-maroon, beard and style arms yellow. A superior variety. 3½ ft., each. Ballerine. S light violet blue, F deeper, fragrant, each	
Lobelia Cardinalis, Cardinal Flower. (July-Aug.) Tall spikes of intense scarlet. Will do best in partial shade. Lychnis Chalcedonica, Maltese Cross; Jerusalem Cross or Scarlet Lightning. (June). Two to three ft. high with rather flat scarlet flowers. Very showy. Lythrum Roseum Superbum. (Aug.) A shrubby perennial with tall pink spikes of flowers. Lupine. (June-July). Tall spikes with peashaped flowers in various hues. Papaver Poppy, Iceland Poppy. Flowers from May till July and sometimes longer. Comes in shades of white yellow and red. Dwarf grower.	
Papaver, Oriental Poppy. Vivid red, blooming in June; about 2½ feet.	
PHLOX	
Hardy Phlox. (Aug. and Sept.) Each Apple Blossom. Fine rosy pink. Europa. White with carmine eye. Mrs. Jenkins. Pure white. B. Comte. Late, rich French purple, large. Beacon. Tall, fiery red. Lord Raleigh. Dwarf purple.	.30
Special French. Large soft pink. Sir Edw. Landseer. Rosy scarlet.	
Rheinlander. Salmon pink.	

Rynstrom. Clear pink.

PEONIES

Peonies should be planted in a well spaded and cultivated spot. The ground should also be well drained as they cannot stand wet feet. Plant the roots so as the eyes are not more than two inches below the surface. The best time to plant is in early fall and they should be mulched the first winter with leaves or straw. Peonies should not be planted in the spring.

The figures in front of the names are the ratings given the varieties by the American Peony Association. This rating is upon a scale of ten; ten representing the perfect Peony. So far no Peony has scored ten points.

8.6 Albert Crousse. Soft shell pink. Profuse	
bloomer, each	1.00
9.0 Baroness Schroeder. Immense globular	
white, each	1.50
8.1 Couronne d'Or. Pure white, with golden	
stamens. Very fragrant. Good cut flower,	.75
each	
7.1 Delachei. Deep purple, compact, each	.75
8.1 Duchesse de Nemours. Sulphur white,	.75
early, each	.75
7.6 Edulis Superba. Very early, deep rose pink, each	.75
	1.00
9.3 Festiva Maxima. Early, pure white, with	pay feet
carmine spots. Most popular, each	.75
8.8 Karl Rosenfield. Fine dark red; straight	1.50
stiff stems; the outstanding red peony, each.	1.50
7.5 La Tulipe. Lilac white, outer petals striped with carmine, each	.75
	.13
8.1 Livingstone. Late, very good pink; odor-less, each	1.00
	1.00
8.5 Mad. Emily Galle. Shell pink with heliotrope and lavender, each	1.00
8.9 Mad. Emil Lemoine. Milk white, large	1.00
globular, each	1.50
8.5 Marie Lemoine. Sulphur white, late, stiff	1.00
stems, each	1.00
7.5 Marechal Valiant. Late red, tall, each	.75
9.2 Mons. Jules Elie. Silvery rose pink; one of	.13
the largest peonies in existence, each	1.25
	1.40
8.7 Pres. Taft. Very large, delicate hydrangea pink, each	1.50
6.8 Queen Victoria. Early white, good cut	1.50
flower, each	.75
7.2 Rubra Superba. Rich crimson, fragrant,	
each	.75
9.0 Sarah Bernhardt. Apple blossom pink with	
silvery tips; good fragrance and a sure bloom-	
er; one of the best, each	1.50
Pyrethrum, Painted Daisy. (June) Large daisies	
in colors varying from very light to dark pink,	
Rudbeckia Purpurea, Purple cone flower. (Aug.)	
Large purple flowers with a brown central	
- B- I - F- III - Contidi	

cone.

Sweet William. Mixed colors. Our strain is very fine.
Statice Latifolia. Sea lavender. (AugSept.) Grows about 15 inches high, produces large panicles of delicate blue flowers, each
Veronica Longifolia. (Aug.) Long spikes of rich blue flowers, each
Viola or Tufted Pansy. The improved forms of these Violas are rapidly growing in favor. Not as large flowering as the Pansies but a continuity of bloom for almost eight months.
Viola Jersey Gem. New; rich violet; long stems, each
EVERGREENS
We pay great attention to the cultivation of Evergreens, realizing the usefulness and increasing popularity of this highly ornamental class of trees. The plants which we are offering here have all been three and four times transplanted, insuring fibrous roots. This is very essential in overcoming the setback in moving from nursery to your grounds. Arbor Vitae, American. Thuya Occidentalis. A dense, upright evergreen; very fine in mixed plantings; also the most popular as a hedge plant; specimen 3½-4 ft., \$5.00; 3-3½ ft\$4.50 Arbor Vitae, Globosa. T. Occ. Globosa. This plant develops into a perfect globe; very attractive for planting in front of taller varieties or as specimens in urns or vases; 1-1½ ft 4.00 Arbor Vitae, Pyramidal. T. Occ. Pyramidalis. Distinct columnar growth. Densely branched glossy green foliage, 4 ft. \$7.00 each; 3½ ft., \$6.00 each; 3 ft., each 5.50 Aror Vitae, Siberian. T. Occ. Warreana. Grows very dense and broad. Very hardy, with steelgray foliage, 1½-2 ft., each
The Junipers
Juniper, Blue. Juniperus Virginiana Glauca. Pyramidal growth with graceful spreading branches; silvery blue foliage, 4 ft., \$7.50 each; 3-3½ ft., each
Juniper, Irish. Juniperus Communis Hibernica. Foilage bluish green and very slender in growth; 3 ft. specimens, \$5.00 each; 2-21/2 ft., \$4.00; 11/2-2 ft., each
Juniper, Pfitzer. Juniperus Chinensis Pfitzeri. A very striking evergreen shrub with long spreading branches and irregular growth. Very hardy; 2½-3 ft., \$6.00 each; 2-2½ ft., \$5.00 each; 1½-2 ft., each
\$5.00 each; 1½-2 ft., each
ft., each

Juniper, Red Cedar. Juniperus Virginiana. An upright species, strong grower; 18-24 inches, each	3.00
Juniper, Horizontal. Juniperus Horizontalis. As its name indicates it is of a spreading habit with dull green foliage; 1-1½ ft., each \$3.00; 1½-2 ft., each,	4.00
Pines	
Pine, Mugho. Pinus Montana Mughus. Dwarf pine, globe shaped with erect branches. Very effective as lawn specimens; 10-12 inches, \$4.00 each; 12-18 inches, each	5.00
Spruces	
Spruce, Norway. Picea excelsa. The popular Christmas tree; $3\frac{1}{2}$ ft., \$5.00 each; $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft., \$4.50 each; $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., \$4.00 each; $15-18$ inches, each	1.25
HARDY CLIMBING VINES	
Ampelopsis Tricuspidata Veitchi. Boston lvy. The self-clinging vine for stucco and cement walls; foliage turns a beautiful red in autumn. 2 yr. plants, each	.65
Aristolochia Sipho. Dutchman's pipe. Large green leaves and when older the plant has peculiarly shaped brownish pipe-like flowers, each	1.25
Clematis Paniculata. Fragrant Clematis. Covered with small fragrant white flowers in September; each	.75
Clematis Jackmanni. Purple Clematis. Rich velvety purple flowers in July. Rather difficult to get started in this region, each	1.00
Lonicera Sempervirens. Scarlet climbing honey- suckle, each	.50
Lycium Chinense. Matrimony Vine. A very strong grower. Has small purplish flowers and red berries, each	.50
Wistaria Chinensis. Chinese Wistaria. A fine porch vine, ornamental foliage; long drooping racemes of pale blue flowers, each	.75
HARDY GARDEN ROSES	

Hybrid Perpetual Class

These bloom during the summer and occasionally again in September and even later.

Price of the following, 75c each.

Bar. de Bonstettin. Beautiful dark red. Clio. Flesh pink.

Eugene Furst. Rich velvety red, darkest red we ĥave.

Frau Karl Druschki. Pure white, finest white rose known.

Gen. Jacqueminot. Brilliant crimson.

J. B. Clark. Very strong grower; scarlet.

Magna Charta. Bright rosy pink.

Mrs. John Laing. Delicate shell pink.

Geo. Ahrends. Large, full, fragrant pink rose.

Marshall P. Wilder. Bright crimson-scarlet; very fragrant.

Paul Neyron. Clear rosy-pink; very large; some times six inches across.

Persian Yellow. A small, fragrant, double golden yellow; fine for mixed planting but not for cutting.

Ulrich Brunner. Cherry red.



Roses are our specialty.

We will have 10,000 in bloom this summer.

Dwarf or Baby Ramblers

Very fine for massing in beds as they produce a brilliant all summer effect.

Strong 2 yr.-old plants, each 75c

Erna Teschendorff. Rich crimson. Greta Kluis. Apple blossom pink. Orleans. Geranium pink. Miss Edith Cavill. Clear scarlet.

Hybrid Tea Roses

This class comprises what is commonly known as "Everblooming Roses". Properly they are recurring flowering and will give flowers from time to time all summer until frost. They also have a very wide range of color not found in the Hybrid Perpetual class.

Price for 2 yr. budded plants, \$1.00 each.
Bessie Brown. Pinkish in bud, opening to pure white.
Gen. McArthur. Velvety scarlet, one of the best red.
Gruss an Teplitz. Most prolific bloomer, bright red.
Jonkheer J. L. Mock. Silvery rose pink.
Lady Alice Stanley. Beautiful pink.
Mme. Caroline Testout. Rich, clear pink; very free.
Mme. Jules Grolez. Double rose pink, attractive bud.
Mme. Leon Pain. Silvery salmon with orange yellow center.
Miss Lolita Armour. Chrome yellow, shading to orange.
Radiance. Light silvery pink, most popular.
Red Radiance. Deep red; good garden rose.
Souv. de Geo. Pernet. Oriental red, shaded with yellow.
Souv. de Claudius Pernet. Pure lemon yellow.
Willowmere. Shrimp pink with yellow shades in center.
Climbing Roses
Bonnie Prince. New, pure white, each\$1.00
Cl. Am. Beauty. Rich carmine, produced in great abundance, each
Dorothy Perkins Small rosette-shaped pink flowers, each
Excelsa. Same shape as above only scarlet, each .75
Dr. Huey. New; dark crimson maroon, each 1.00
Mary Wallace. New, large beautiful pink, each. 1.00
Paul's Scarlet. The darkest red climber, choice, each 1.00
Other Species of Roses
Rosa Rugosa. A robust shrub-like rose which is very hardy. Suitable for mass planting. The flowers are single followed by large red seed pods which remain on the bush for several weeks, each
Rosa F. J. Grootendorst. This is a cross between
the Rosa Rugosa and the red Baby Rambler.
It possesses all the hardiness of the former
while it produces large clusters of double red
flowers. Almost everblooming and makes a fine hedge, each
Rosa Hugonis. A very graceful shrub rose. Pale
yellow delicate fragrant flowers cover the bush
in May; very hardy; needs no protection in
winter; extra strong plants, 3-4 ft., \$1.50
each; 2 yrold plants, each 1.00

Fruit Trees

APPLES—Early Ripening Varieties

Price, \$1.50 each; per 10, \$13.50.

- Yellow Transparent. Pale golden yellow; very early bearer; productive; valuable for either home or market.
- Duchess of Oldenburg. (July-Aug.) Red, yellow striped; a good and productive early apple.
- Wealthy. Rich scarlet fruit; ripens in autumn but keeps well into the winter.

FALL APPLES

- Maiden's Blush. Yellow with pink cheek; a striking desert apple.
- Snow (Fameuse). Deep crimson, medium size, fine juicy desert fruit.

WINTER APPLES

- N. W. Greening. Large green, good keeper.
- Northern Spy. Rich, juicy, sweet; one of the best winter apples.
- Jonathan. An early bearing variety, red, medium size and fine quality.
- Delicious. Large red and uniform; a very early bearer; unexcelled for home and market.
- Wagener. Dark red and green; good keeper.
- Winter Banana. Golden yellow and red; sweet, juicy.
- Wolf River. Large crimson and yellow; rich flavor; very good market variety.
- Whitney Crab. This is a really edible crab; late, productive and good for jelly.

PEARS

Price, each \$1.50; per 10, \$14.00.

- Bartlett. (Sept.) Large, clear yellow fruit of melting quality.
- Flemish Beauty. (Oct.) Large, juicy, rich, one of the best.
- Kieffer. (Oct.-Nov.) Golden yellow, juicy, good for canning.
- Sheldon. (Oct.-Nov.) Large round fruit; yellow and russety.
- Clapp's Favorite. Early ripening; large yellow.

PLUMS

Price, each, \$1.50; per 10, \$13.50.

Burbank. (Sept.) Red with yellow flesh, productive, very good for canning.

Imperial Gage. Also called green gage, ripens in Sept.; has greenish-yellow fruit.

German Prune. (Oct.) Reddish purple, good for canning.

Lombard. (Aug.) Violet red, early producer.

Yellow Egg. (Sept.) Large golden yellow.

SWEET CHERRIES

Price, each \$1.75.

Black Tartarian. Large, black and heart shaped; rich flavor.

Governor Wood. Pale yellow, early, medium sized.

SOUR CHERRIES

Price, each, \$1.50; per 10, \$13.50.

Montmorency. This is the best and most popular cherry; red, very productive and comes into bearing early.

Early Richmond. Tart in quality and valuable for canning. Rich red color.

GRAPES

Strong 2-yr. plants, 25c; per doz., \$2.50; per 100, \$18.00.

Moore's Early. Black, ripens first of Sept., fine table grape; plants do not grow very large and not a heavy producer.

Brighton. Red; large trusses of medium sized sweet fruit.

Worden. Black; good producer; ripens about two weeks earlier than the Concord.

Niagara. White; the best white grape; large bunches and very sweet.

Concord. Black; the most popular and best producing grape for market purposes; price, per hundred,\$15.00 Special prices on large quantities.

BLACKBERRIES

Blackberries, Eldorado. 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; per 100\$7.50

RASPBERRIES

Black Raspberries. Same price as the Red.

STRAWBERRIES

Price. \$2.00 per 100: \$12 per 1000

Senator Dunlap. A heavy fruiter, large, well shaped, favorite canning variety.

Gibson. Main berry in Michigan's fruit belt.

Brandewyne. Late, good shaped quality, firm and productive berry.

Dr. Burrill. Gives satisfaction everywhere.

Everbearing Varieties

- Mastodon. The most desirable everbearing strawberry ever produced; \$1.00 per doz.; \$4.00 per i00; per 1000\$25.00
- Champion. Is a true everbearer, producing fruit on both the old and the new plants; price, 75c per doz.; \$3.00 per 100; per 1000 15.00

ASPARAGUS

Rhubarb. Each 10c; per doz., \$1.50; 25 for.. 3.00



